

REPORT OF THE SESSION "What makes a city anti-racist? Proposing an agenda for local action"

22nd IOPD Conference Rio de Janeiro, 6 - 8 November 2023

TITLE	What makes a city anti-racist? Proposing an agenda for local action
Participating Institutions	 Executive Coordination for the Promotion of Racial Equality of the City of Rio de Janeiro UCLG Committee on Social Inclusion, Participatory Democracy and Human Rights (UCLG-CSIPDHR) Barcelona Directorate of Citizens' Rights Services Salvador Reparation Secretariat Fluminense Federal University
Lists of the speakers	Name: Jackeline Nascimento Position and Affiliation: Project Officer, Executive Coordination for the Promotion of Racial Equality of the City of Rio de Janeiro
	Name: Amanda Flèty Position and Affiliation: Coordinator of UCLG Committee on Social Inclusion, Participatory Democracy and Human Rights (UCLG-CSIPDHR)
	Name: Anabel Rodríguez Basanta Position and Affiliation: Director of the Barcelona Directorate of Citizens' Rights Services
	Name: Oilda Rejane Position and Affiliation: Municipal Secretary of Reparation of Salvador
Summary of the session Please share in a maximum of 500 words a summary of the session: what was the discussion, the experiences presented and the most important messages that	The session explored the local policies, initiatives and measures implemented by leading local governments to tackle antiracism, in the framework of the Anti-Racist Cities Network and UCLG-CSIPDHRn. The Brazilian network developed from the effort of different Brazilian cities as a possibility within the anti-racist movement, and aims at developing exchanges of practices and common indicators to measure racism in public institutions and services at the local level. At the same time, UCLG-CSIPDHR - under the aegis of the City of Barcelona - is working to amplify the efforts of LRGs worldwide through advocacy actions and guidelines on antiracism Barcelona: The city's approach is based on a series of strategies, structures, services and mechanisms to bring about an holistic cultural shift and to make racist oppression explicit and act against it. This systemic approach and its linked measures and policies are reinforced by victim accompaniment, training of the judicial system







were shared during the session.	 and the police, as well as the integration of civil society for the co-construction of initiatives through intercultural dialogue. Salvador: cross-cutting approach and structural dialogue with civil society are the basis of the city's anti-racist approach. This is implemented through the training of internal municipal teams; inter-departmental coordination through specifics mechanisms for dialogue across the City's services; and the promotion of home-based education.
Conclusions In a single sentence, state the element that stands out in your session.	What makes a city anti-racist is the implementation of an internal approach to achieve a shift from public policy and, in parallel, engaging citizens. These two pillars form a proposal to institutionalise at the local level while simultaneously advocating internationally and horizontally in terms of debate.
Recommendations for IOPD Share with IOPD your priorities and recommendations in order to advance in the topic of your session	As explored in the session, citizen engagement is a vital pillar for anti-racist cities. At the same time, the IOPD can be leveraged as an international network for global advocacy.



